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Notification of Hazardous Waste Sit

United States **Environmental Protection** Agency Washington DC 20460

Thi. Itisl notification information is required by Section 103(c) of the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act of 1980 and must which applies.

Please type or print in ink. If you need additional space, use separate sheets of

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be mailed by June 9, 1981.	, and must which applies.	81.0607	70 10
Person Required to Notify:	the nersen Name THE	20004/1/11	(111/02) - 02 (01:0001)
Enter the name and address of or organization required to notif	the person	MONTAGUE	UNION GAS COMPANY
	city BROOKL	1	State N. Y. zip Code //20/
Site Location:		. (/	41
Enter the common name (if kno actual location of the site.			GOWANIE CANAL
NYD 98053	2006 CIT BROOKLY	N county KIN	GOWANUS CANAL OS State N.Y. Zip Code //215
Person to Contact:			
Enter the name, title (if applicate business telephone number of to contact regarding information submitted on this form.		643 2972	ENCE, STAFF ENURONMENTAL &
Dates of Waste Handling:			
Enter the years that you estimate treatment, storage, or disposal bended at the site.	te waste pegan and From (Year) /87/	(?)To (Year)	: 1948
Waste Type: Choose the opt Option I: Select general waste you do not know the general waste encouraged to describe the site General Type of Waste:	types and source categories. If aste types or sources, you are in Item I—Description of Site. Source of Waste:	Resource Conser regulations (40 C Specific Type of	Waste:
Place an X in the appropriate boxes. The categories listed overlap. Check each applicable category.	Place an X in the appropriate boxes	listed in the regu appropriate four- the list of hazard	d a four-digit number to each hazardous waste lations under Section 3001 of RCRA. Enter the digit number in the boxes provided. A copy of ous wastes and codes can be obtained by PA Region serving the State in which the site is
1. □ Organics	1. 🗆 Mining	located.	
2. Inorganics	2. Construction	U019	
3. ☐ Solvents	3. Textiles	0196	
4. Pesticides	4. Fertilizer	1052	
5. □ Heavy metals6. □ Acids	5. □ Paper/Printing6. □ Leather Tanning	0/65	
7. Bases	7. Iron/Steel Foundry	1/220	
8. PCBs	8. Chemical, General	1/133	
9. Mixed Municipal Waste	9. Plating/Polishing	0188	
10. □ Unknown	10. ☐ Military/Ammunition		
11. S Other (Specify)	11. Electrical Conductors		
LYDROCARBON	12. Transformers		
TARS) 300	13. 🔀 Utility Companies		
	14. ☐ Sanitary/Refuse		
	15. Photofinish		
	16. □ Lab/Hospital		
	17. 🗆 Unknown		154425
•	18. Other (Specify)		L (MANA) MANA ANNA ANAL ANAL MANA MANA ANAL ANA
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Form Approved OMB No. 2000-0138

EPA Form 8900-1

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Attachment to Notification of Hazardous Waste

The Brooklyn Union Gas Company presently distributes gas to residents of Brooklyn, Staten Island, and Queens in New York City. In 1895 it purchased various small gas manufacturing and distribution companies, some of which began operations prior to 1830. Later mergers and consolidations brought several other 19th Century gas manufacturing companies under the aegis of Brooklyn Union. Those companies manufactured gas for sale to their customers. A byproduct of the manufactured gas process was tar, which contained amounts of the following substances listed in 49CFR 261:

U019 Benzene
U196 Pyridine
U052 Creosols
U165 Naphthalene
U220 Toluene
U135 Hydrogen Sulfide (trace)
U188 Phenol (trace)

The tar was stored in holder tanks until sold either to chemical companies, for its constituents, or to paving companies for road surfacing.

It has been difficult to trace the exact locations of the old and sometimes abandoned operating facilities of these companies, some of which were decommissioned prior to 1900. It is also difficult to determine the amount of material handled over the years and the exact area within each facility where the tar holder was located. Most of the manufacturing plants closed in the first half of this century; the remaining plants were closed over the next decade.

To satisfy the requirements of notification under PL96-510, we have interviewed retired employees and studied various records. That information supports the belief that upon the decommissioning of these facilities the remaining tars were removed and sold, and the facilities were razed. Based upon this information, we believe that releases to the environment at these facilities were and remain unlikely.